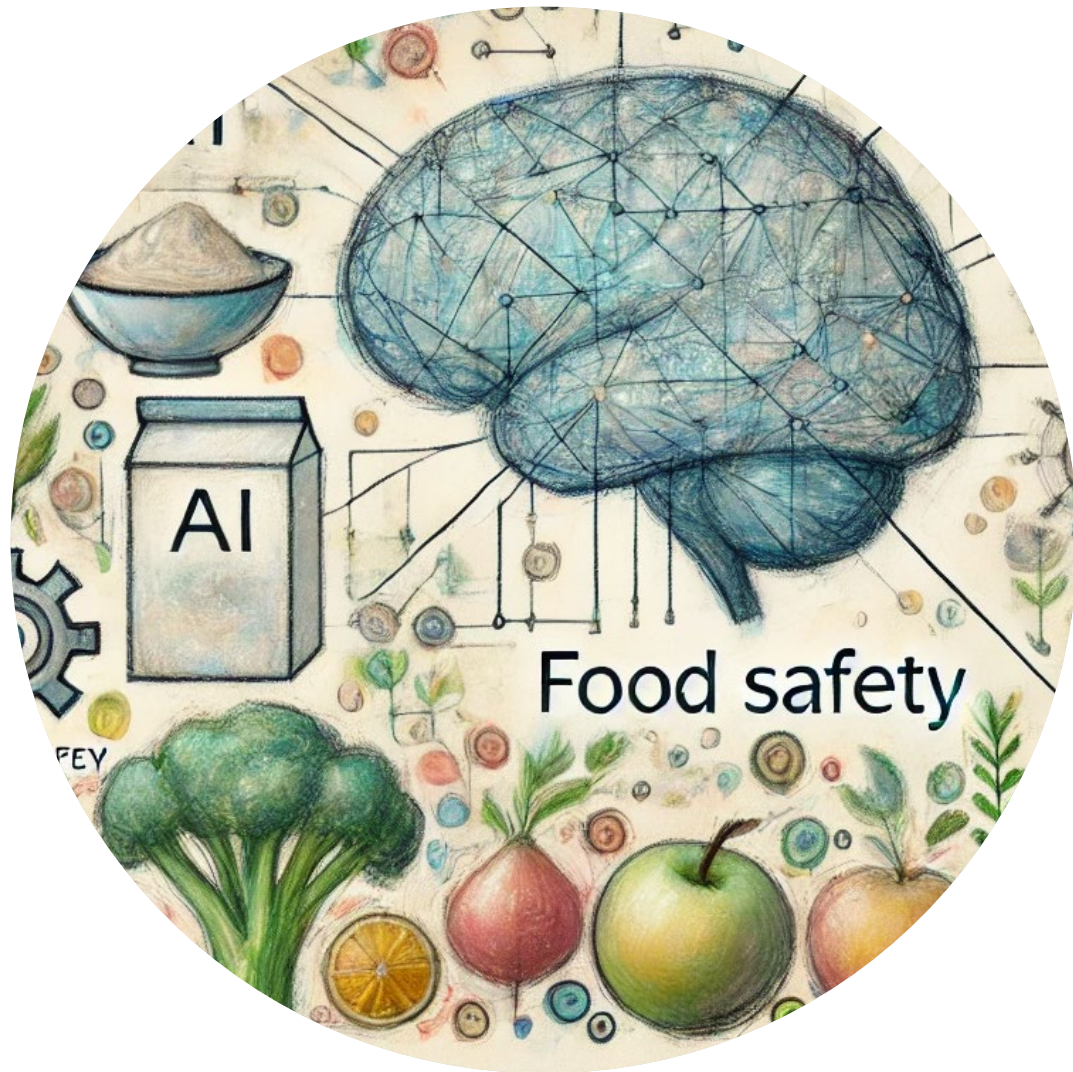


AI en data voor voedselveiligheid

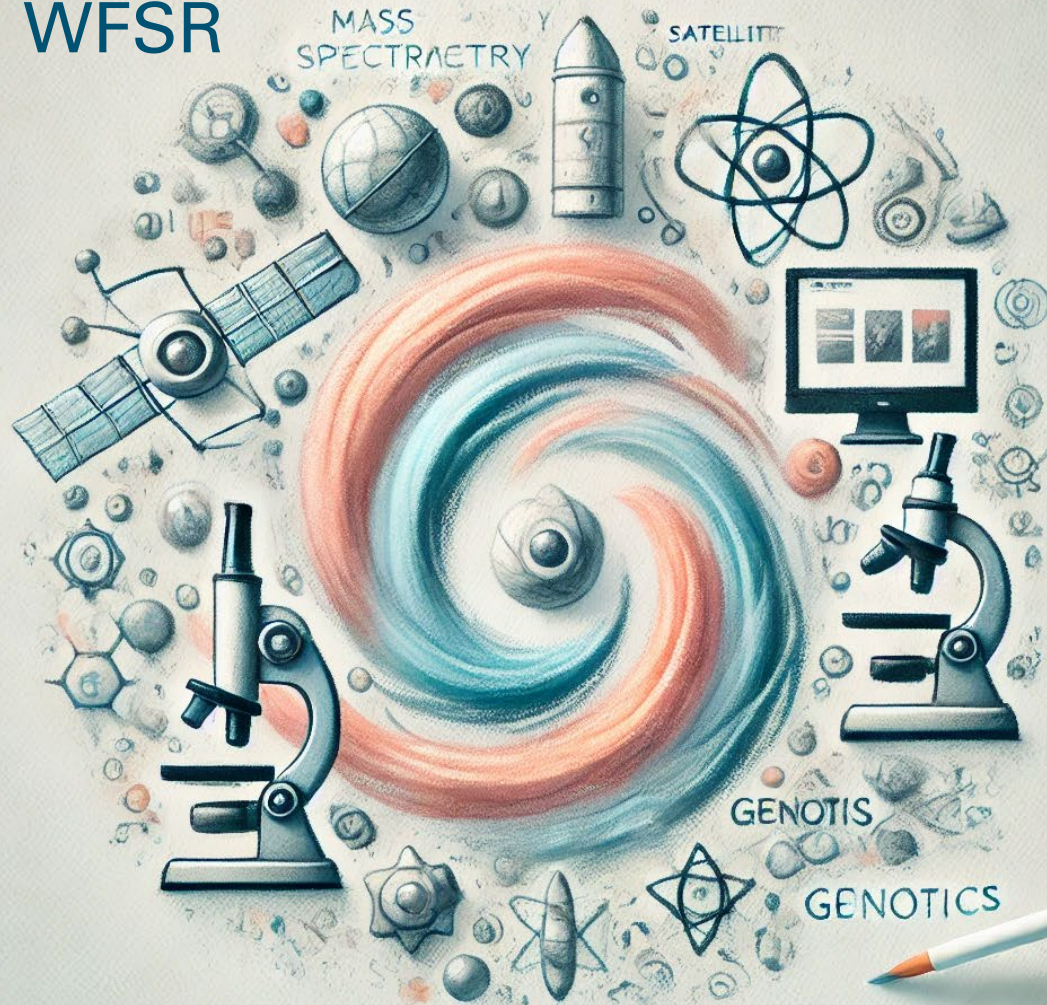
dr.ir. Bas van der Velden

Head of Data Science

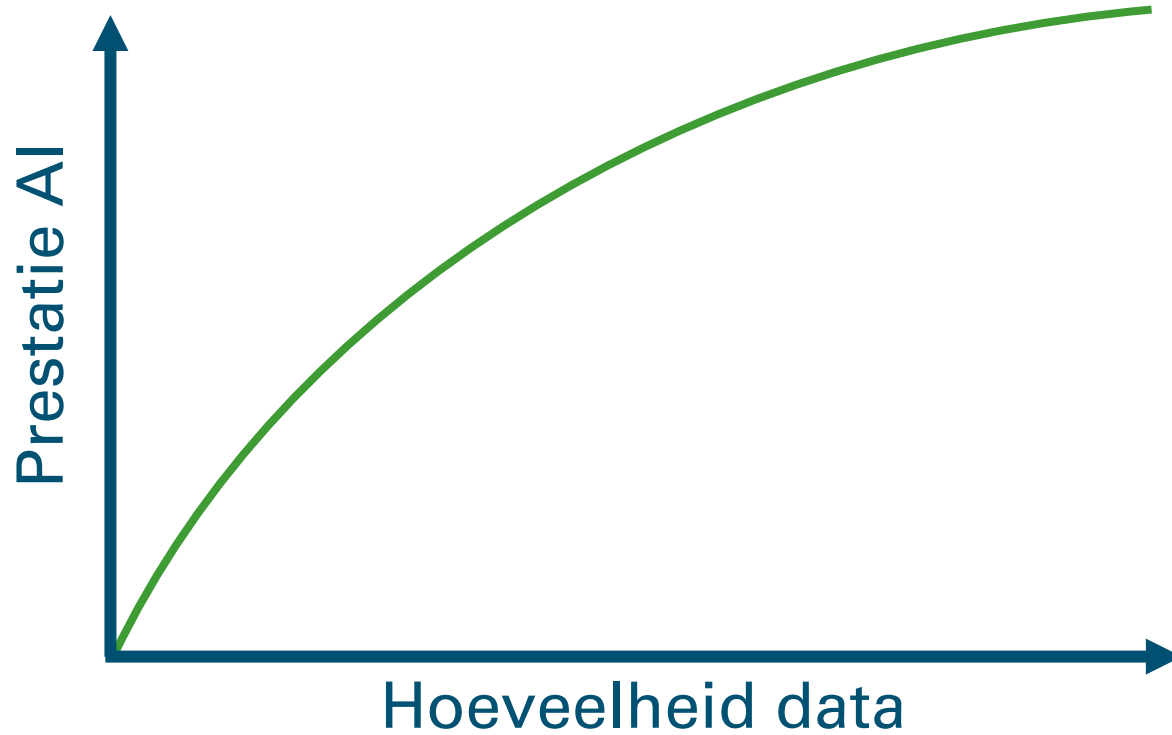
Wageningen Food Safety Research



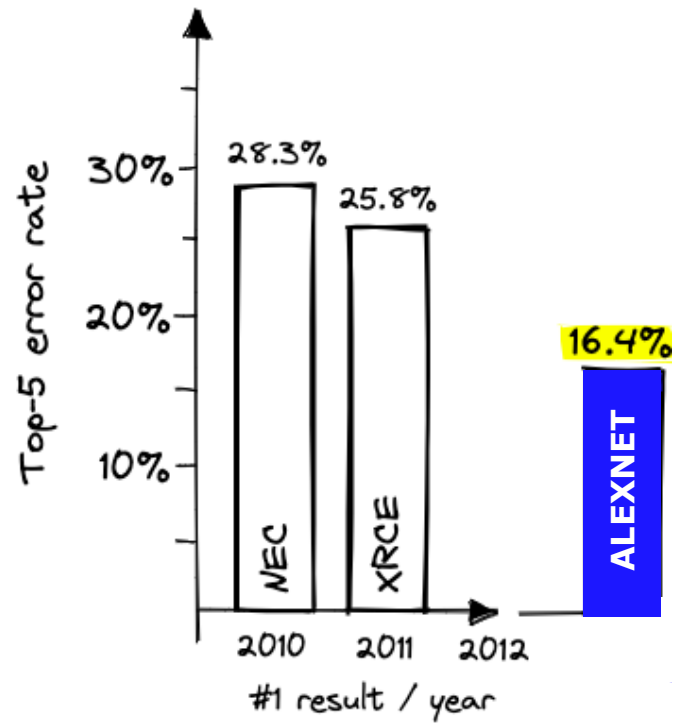
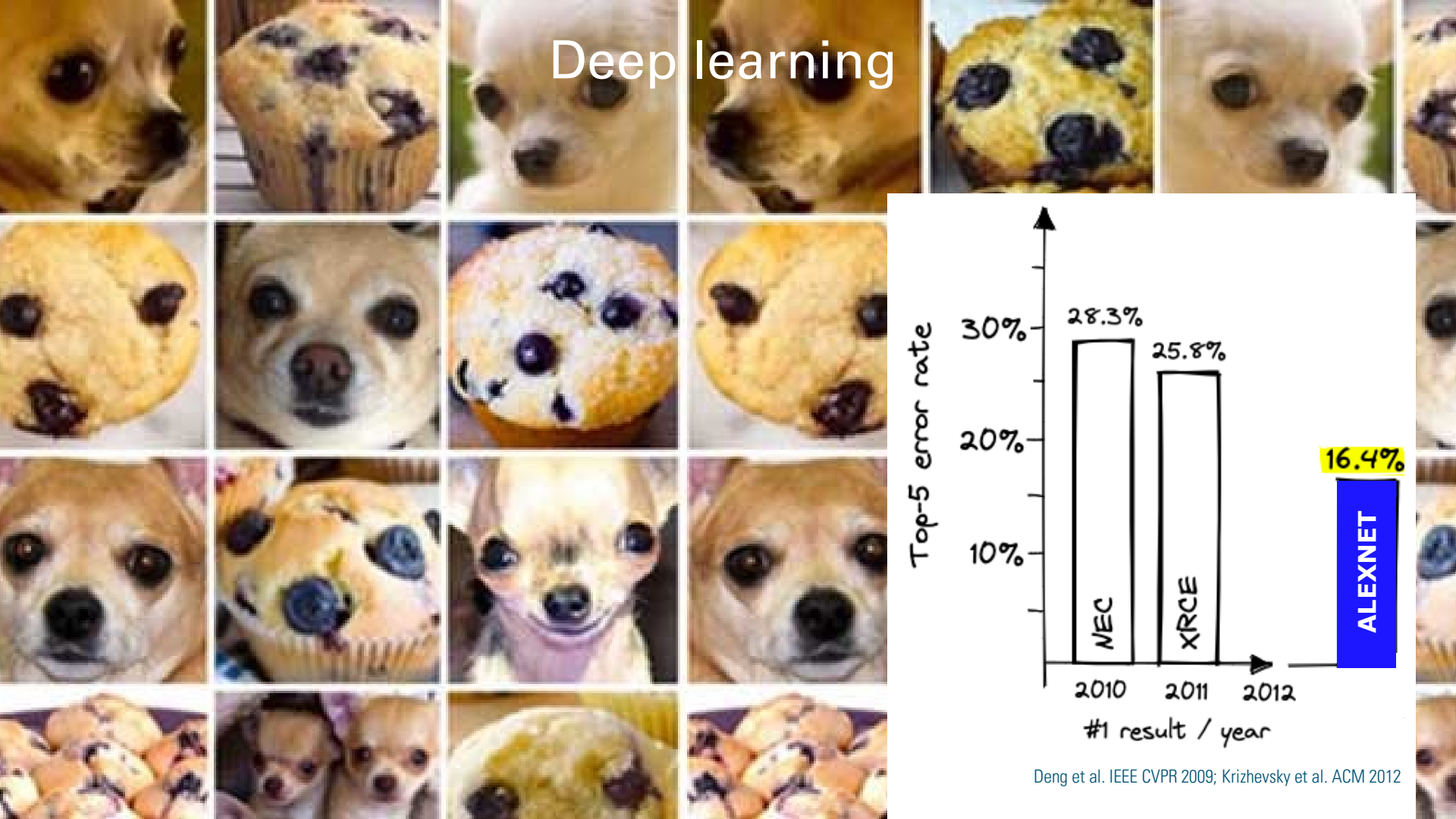
AI @ WFSR



Data data data

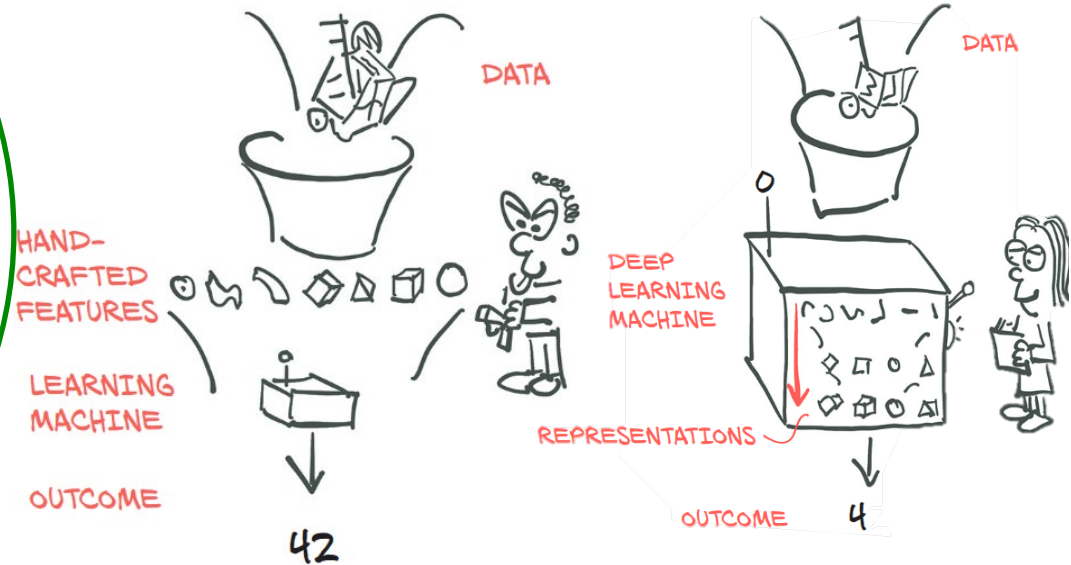
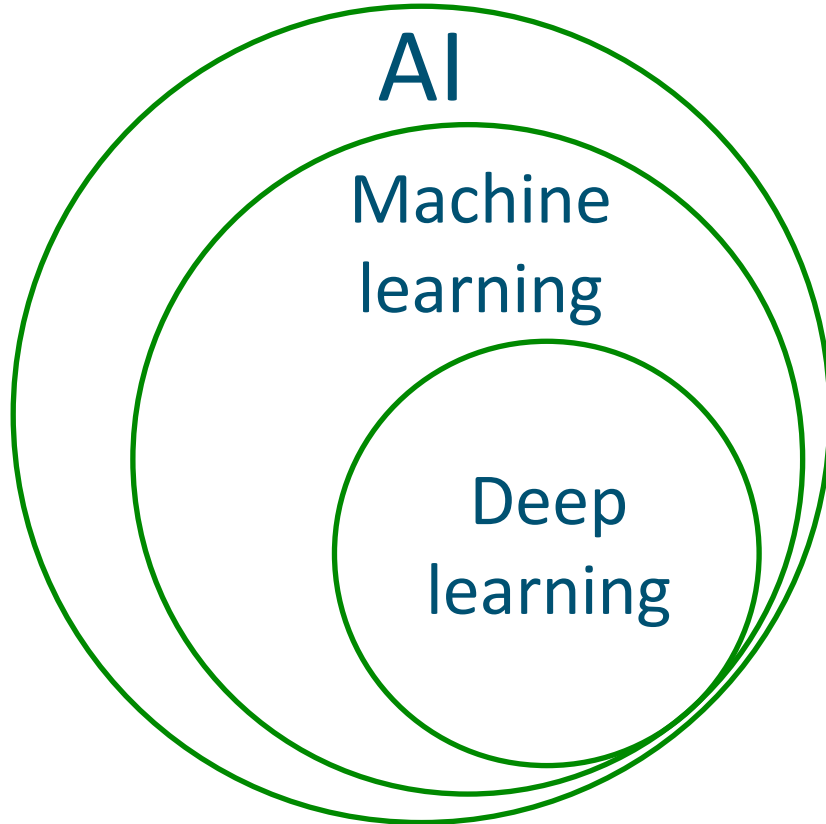


Deep learning

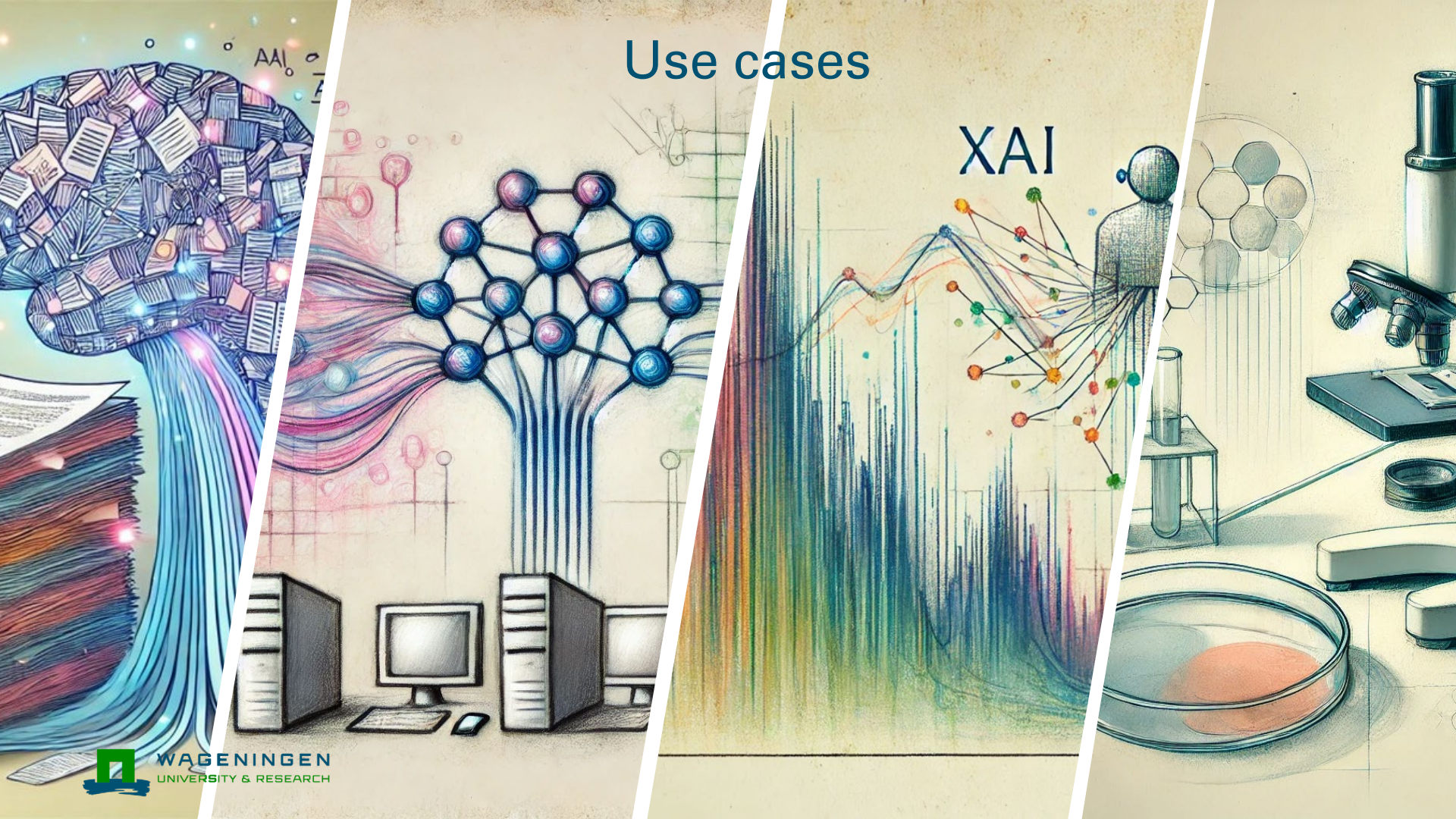


Deng et al. IEEE CVPR 2009; Krizhevsky et al. ACM 2012

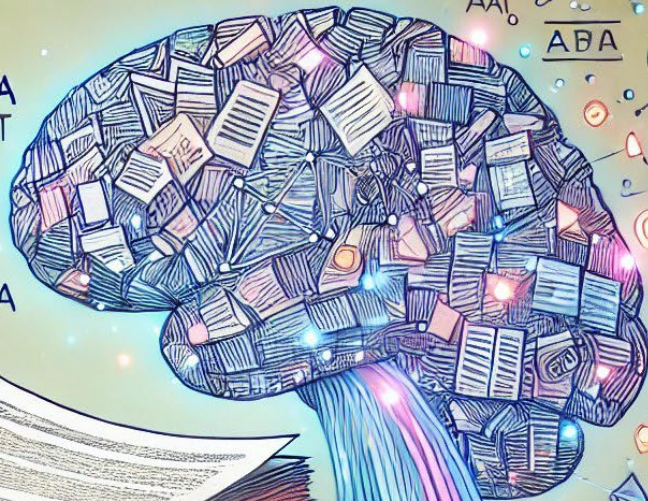
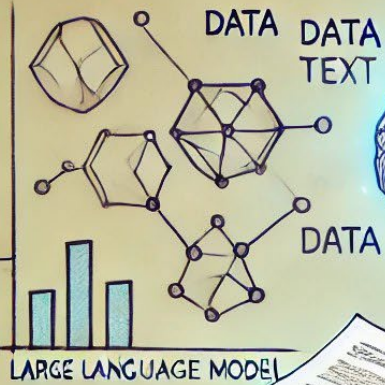
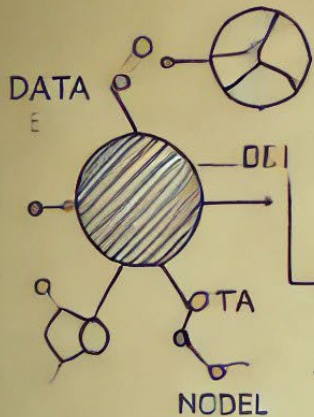
Artificial Intelligence



Use cases



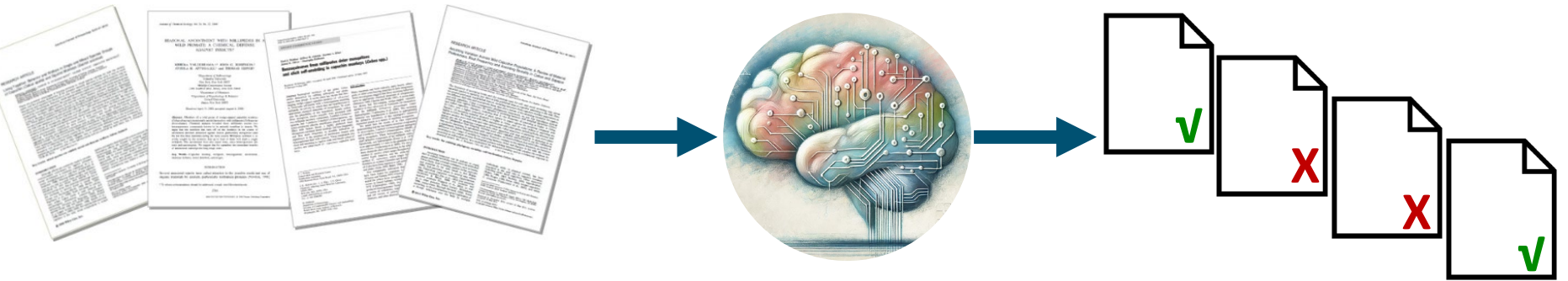
KNOWLEDGE EXTRACTION



AAI
 $\frac{ABA}{ABA}$



AI voor identificeren relevante literatuur



Systematic Review Dashboard

This dashboard can aid in the updating of systematic literature reviews by displaying relevant scientific literature for the topics of existing systematic reviews and continuously updating it with the newest relevant literature classified automatically through machine learning. Please note that right now the literature is only retrieved from Scopus.

How to get the literature to Endnote

Select the desired topic in the control panel of this dashboard to only show the results of the literature that was deemed relevant for that specific topic. The literature can be downloaded as a CSV file from the bottom of the table in the dashboard by exporting it as either 'Raw' or 'Formatted'. The CSV file can be converted to an Endnote file by importing the file in Endnote via our custom import filter. This custom import filter can be downloaded from this [link](#). After downloading, double-click the file to open it in Endnote. In Endnote, the filter can be saved by clicking "File" in the top bar and choosing "Save as". Then, create a new Endnote library where you want to import the CSV file into. Import the CSV file by clicking "File" and choosing "Import". Select the downloaded CSV file under "Import File" and select the installed filter under "Import Option". The literature will be loaded into your Endnote library in the correct format.

Questions?

If you have any questions about the data or the dashboard, please send them to leonieke.vandenbulk@wur.nl.

Literature table

Relevant literature:

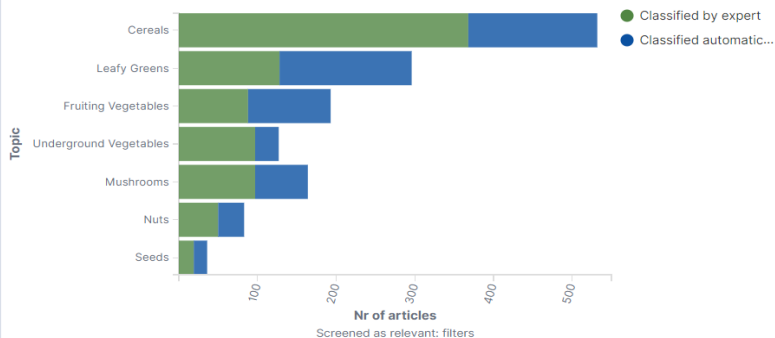
Dashboard controls

Topic

Information on irrelevant articles

[Click here for information on articles that were classified as not relevant](#)

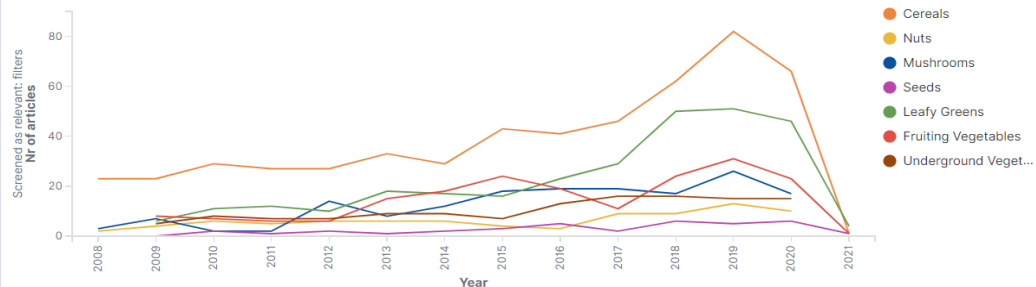
Number of relevant articles per topic



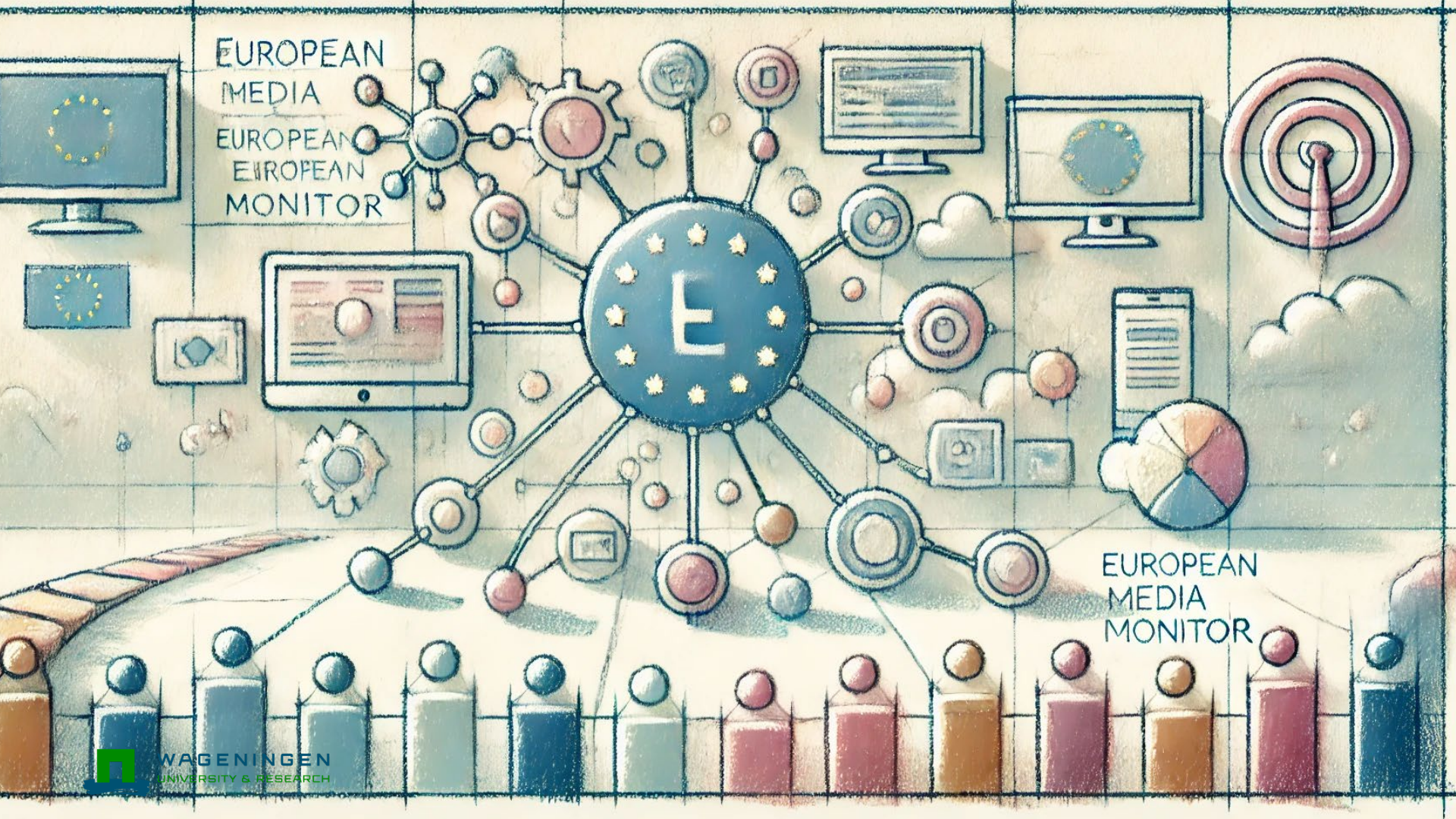
Automatically classified articles

865
 - Number of articles that have been classified automatically -

Number of relevant articles per year



EUROPEAN
MEDIA
EUROPEAN
MONITOR

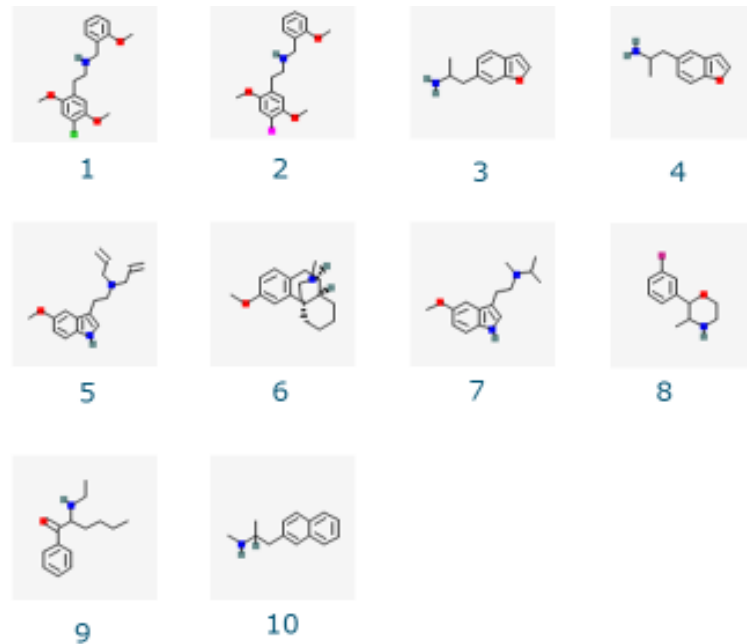
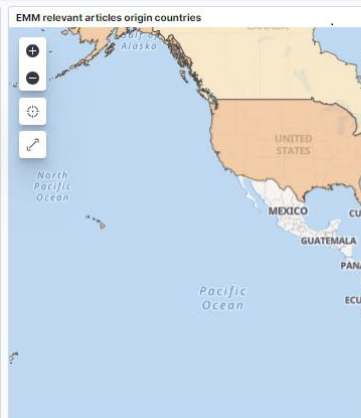
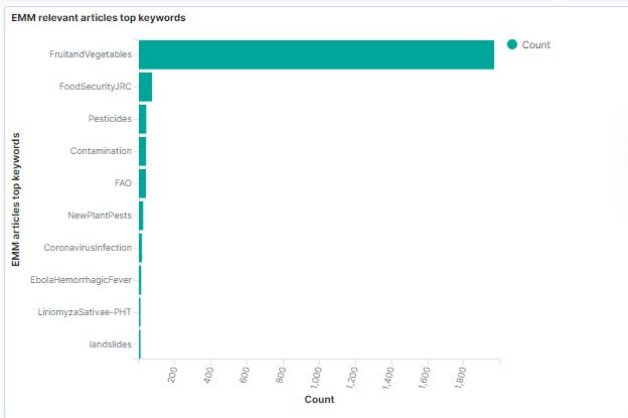


EUROPEAN
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Opkomende risico's identificeren



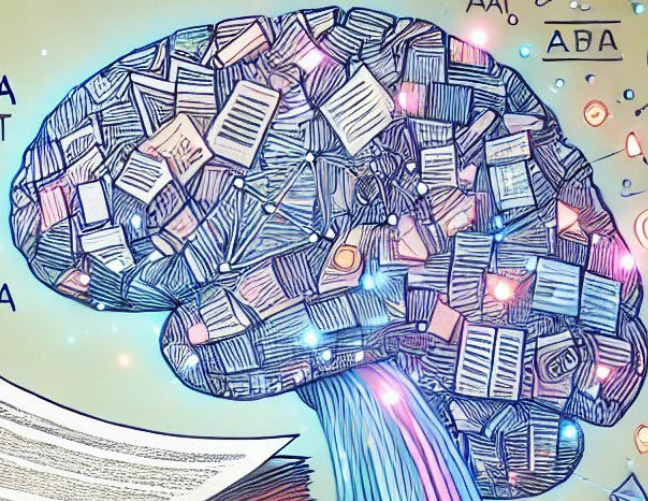
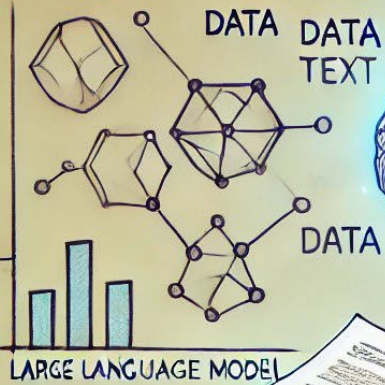
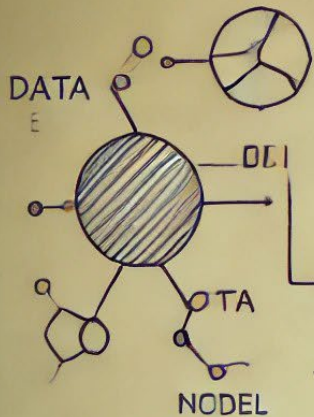
Detected 10 "unknown" compounds used as stimulant in food supplements



EMM relevant articles

| Publication Date | Title | URL |
|-----------------------------|--|---|
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 20:32:00.000 | Egypt's agro-exports exceed 6.4 mn tons since January | https://libyannews |
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 20:19:00.000 | Tomato prices start rising in retail markets: APMC officials | https://timesofindi |
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 19:15:00.000 | Food prices in Hungary will increase significantly in autumn | https://dailynewsh |
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 15:00.000 | Hills export to India greenlit following higher authority directives: Adviser Salehuddin | https://thefinancia |
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 13:42:00.000 | Ostrich for dinner? Shaky beef supply, shortage of rice ram home Japan's food security fears | https://www.thest |
| Sep 22, 2024 @ 13:08:00.000 | Evovt's food exports record 180k tons in week - NFSA | https://www.masr |

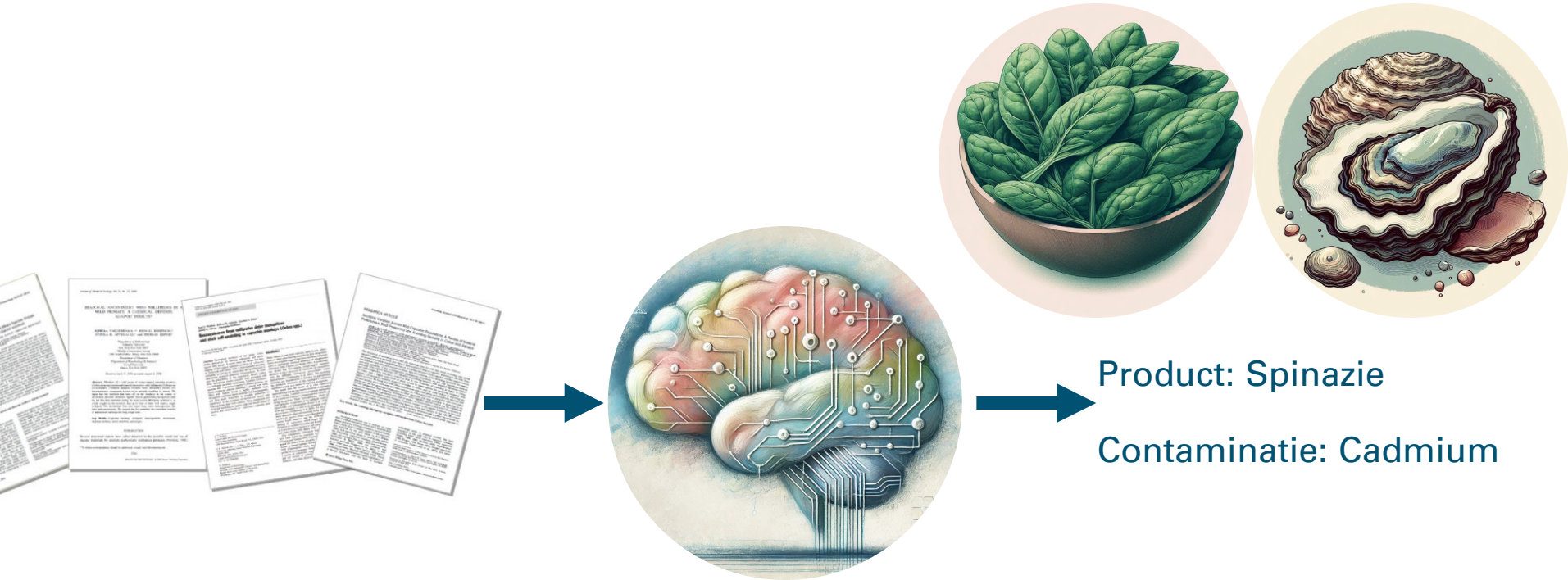
KNOWLEDGE EXTRACTION



AAI
 $\frac{ABA}{ABA}$



LLM voor kennisextractie



Prompt engineering

Simple prompt

Extract foods and chemicals that are mentioned to be a food safety hazard for one of the foods, to contaminate one of the foods or to have the potential to pose risk for human health via consumption of one of the foods in the text delimited by triple backticks.

Provide the output in dictionary format with each different food as a separate key and the chemicals that are expressed to be hazardous, contaminant or to have the potential to pose risk for human health via consumption of the food as the value of the key.

I want to warn you against some pitfalls. First, make sure that you bring each chemical name that is mentioned to be a contaminant, hazard, potentially harmful for human health via food consumption, especially make sure not to skip the specific compound names. Another thing is if chemicals are mentioned both with their names and abbreviations, make sure to return the full name of the chemical instead of its abbreviation. Next warning - only provide foods and chemicals that are mentioned in the text provided, do not return any food or chemical that is not mentioned in the text. Also, do not try to provide more specific foods or chemicals if the foods or chemicals in the text are only mentioned in their general category. Another thing - refrain from providing irrelevant noun phrases or sentences in values just because they contain chemical names, limit the values of your dictionary to the names of relevant chemicals. Also, return an empty dictionary if you do not identify any chemical in food as contaminant, hazardous, potentially harmful for human health through consumption of food. Finally, limit your answer to the dictionary, no other explanation or justification is necessary.

```
```{ABSTRACT}```
```



# Prompt engineering

## Step by step prompt

Your task is to perform the following actions:

1. Identify the chemicals mentioned in the text below provided between triple backticks and collect them in a list
2. Identify the foods mentioned in the text below provided between triple backticks and collect them in a list
3. Create all combinations of foods and chemicals as tuples and collect the tuples in a list
4. Go over each food-chemical combination in the list created at step 3 and look whether the chemical is mentioned to be a food safety hazard for that food, to contaminate that food or to have the potential to pose risk for human health via consumption of that food. Store each food-chemical pair where chemical is said to be hazardous, contaminant or to have the potential to pose risk for human health via consumption of the food, in a dictionary where foods are keys and chemicals that are expressed to be hazardous, contaminant or to have the potential to pose risk for human health via consumption of the food are values.
5. Once you go over every food-chemical pair, return the dictionary you obtained.

I want to warn you against some pitfalls. First, make sure that you bring each chemical name that is mentioned to be a contaminant, hazard, potentially harmful for human health via food consumption, especially make sure not to skip the specific compound names. Another thing is if chemicals are mentioned both with their names and abbreviations, make sure to return the full name of the chemical instead of its abbreviation. Next warning - only provide foods and chemicals that are mentioned in the text provided, do not return any food or chemical that is not mentioned in the text. Also, do not try to provide more specific foods or chemicals if the foods or chemicals in the text are only mentioned in their general category. Another thing - refrain from providing irrelevant noun phrases or sentences in values just because they contain chemical names, limit the values of your



# Prompt engineering

## Pseudo code prompt

```
def identify_safety_hazards(text: str) -> dict:
```

```
 """Identify the chemical and food items mentioned in the provided abstract. For each combination of chemical substances and foods, look whether the chemical substance is mentioned to be a food safety hazard for that food, to contaminate that food, has possibility to pose risk for that food in future or has the potential to pose risk for human health via food chain. Keep food-chemical substance pairs where chemical substance is said to be hazardous, contaminant, potential future risk for the food or to pose risk for human health, in a dictionary where food items are keys and the hazardous, contaminant, potentially risky or potentially harmful for human health chemical substances are values. Once you go over every food-chemical pair, return the dictionary you obtained. I want to warn you against some pitfalls. First, make sure you bring each chemical substance name that is mentioned to be a contaminant, hazard, potential risk or harmful for human health, especially make sure not to skip the specific compound names. Another thing is if chemical substances are mentioned both with their names and abbreviations, make sure return the full name of the chemical instead of its abbreviation. Next warning - only provide foods and chemical substances that are mentioned in the text provided, do not return any food or chemical substance that is not mentioned in the text. Also, do not try to provide more specific foods or chemical substances if the foods or chemicals in the text are only mentioned in their general category. Another thing - refrain from providing irrelevant noun phrases or sentences in values just because they contain chemical substance names, limit the values of your dictionary to the names of relevant chemical substances. Also, return an empty dictionary if you do not identify any chemical substance in food as contaminant, hazardous, potentially risky or harmful for human health. Finally, limit your answer to the dictionary, no other explanation or justification is necessary."""
```

```
 #Create an empty dictionary
```

```
 chemical_hazards_per_food = {{}}
```

```
 #Identify the chemical items mentioned in the provided text and collect them in a list
```

```
 chemical_list = identify_chemicals_in_text(text)
```

```
 #Identify the foods items mentioned in the provided text and collect them in a list
```

```
 food_list = identify_foods_in_text(text)
```





# Assessment of Heavy Metals in Spinach (*Spinacia oleracea* L.) Grown in Sewage Sludge–Amended Soil

Vinod Kumar ✉, A. K. Chopra &amp; Sachin Srivastava

Pages 221-236 | Received 04 Feb 2015, Accepted 23 May 2015, Published online: 20 Jan 2016

Cite this article <https://doi.org/10.1080/00103624.2015.1122799>

Full Article

Figures &amp; data

References

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Metrics

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## ABSTRACT

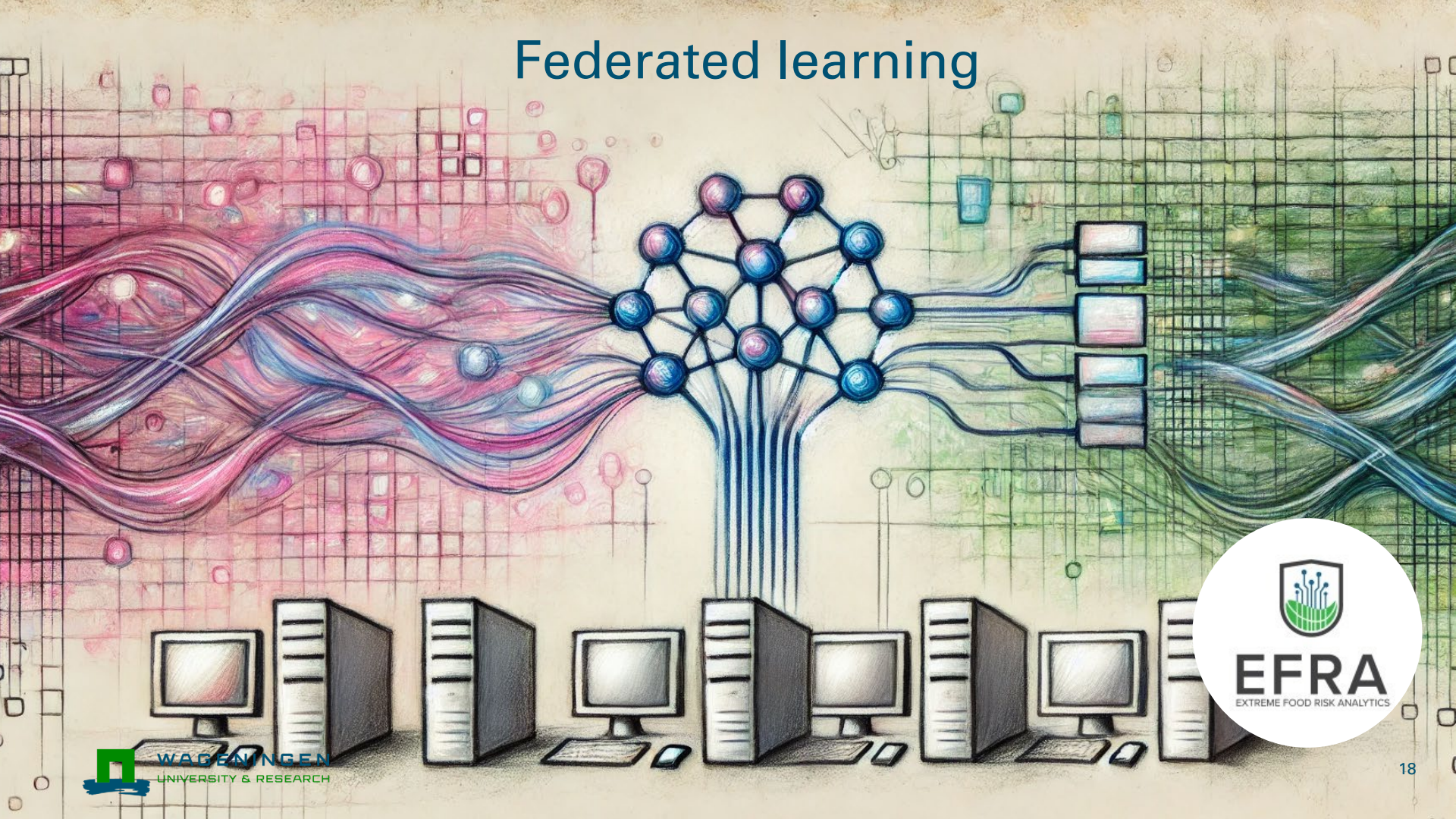
The assessment of heavy metals in spinach (*Spinacia oleracea*) grown in sewage sludge–amended soil was investigated. The results revealed that sewage sludge significantly ( $P < 0.01$ ) increased the nutrients and heavy metals such as cadmium (Cd), chromium (Cr), copper (Cu), manganese (Mn), and zinc (Zn) in the soil. The contents of metals were found to be below the maximum levels permitted for soils in India. The most agronomic performance and biochemical components of *S. oleracea* were found at 50% concentrations of sewage sludge in both seasons. The contents of Cd, Cr, Cu, Mn, and Zn in *S. oleracea* were increased from 5% to 100% concentrations of sewage sludge in both seasons. The order of contamination factor (Cf) of different heavy metals was Mn > Cd > Cr > Zn > Cu for soil and Cr > Cd > Mn > Zn > Cu for *S. oleracea* plants after application of sewage sludge. Therefore, use of sewage sludge increased concentrations of heavy metals in soil and *S. oleracea*.

KEYWORDS: Agronomical characteristics, contamination factor, heavy metals, sewage sludge, *Spinacia oleracea*

{'spinach': ['heavy metals', 'cadmium', 'chromium', 'copper', 'manganese', 'zinc']}



# Federated learning





*Here the data can be used*

# Federated learning in pluimveebedrijven

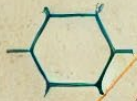


# Massaspektrometrie



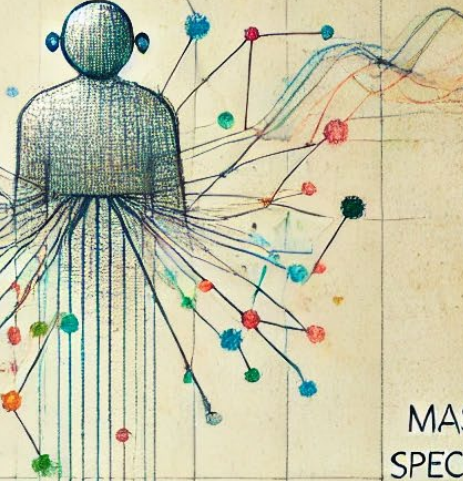
EXPLAINABLE

MASS  
SPECTRUM



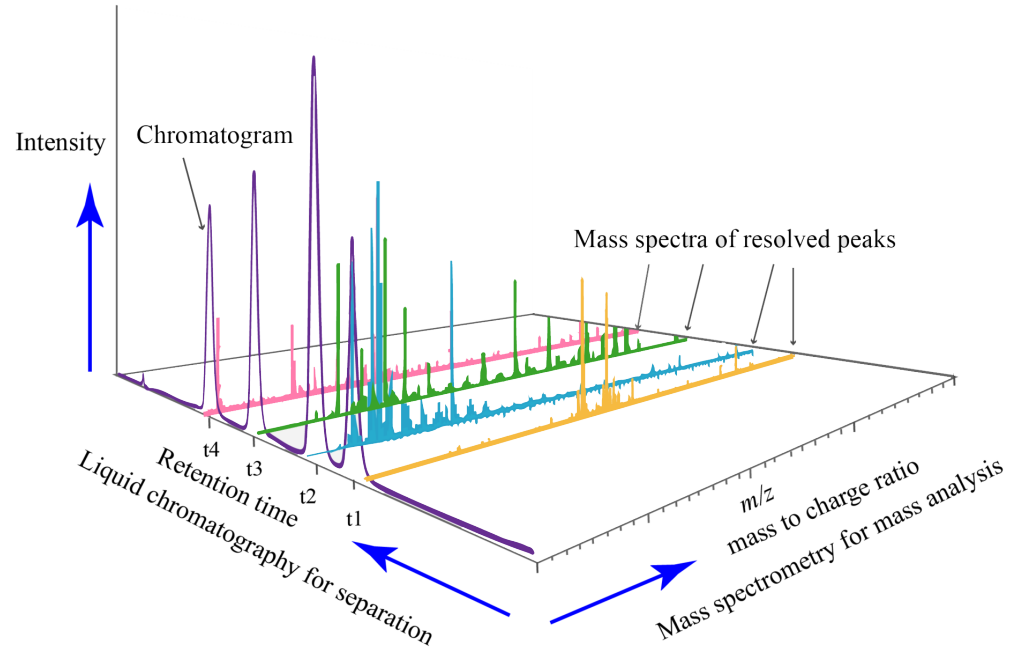
AI

XAI

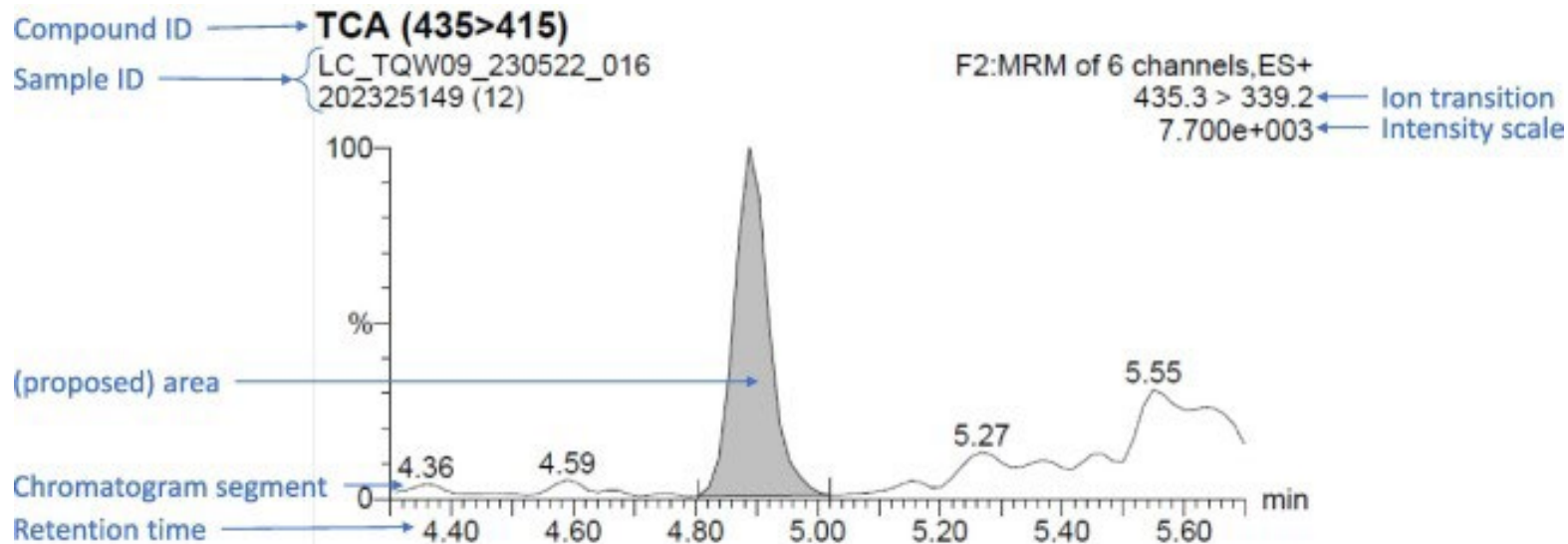


MASS  
SPECTRUM

# High-resolution tandem mass spectrometry (HRMS/MS)



# PEAR review: Peak Evaluation and Automated Review



# PEAR review: Peak Evaluation and Automated Review

